



## Problem of the Week

### Problem E and Solution

#### Corner Connection

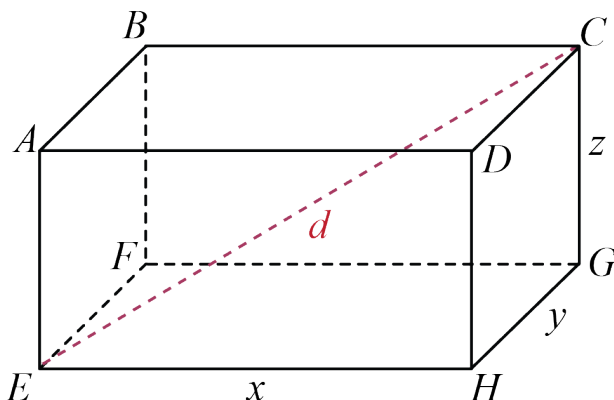
##### Problem

In rectangular prism  $ABCDEFGH$ , the sum of the lengths of all of the edges is 28 cm, and the total surface area is  $13 \text{ cm}^2$ .

What is the length of  $EC$ , the diagonal of the prism?

##### Solution

Let  $EH = x$ ,  $HG = y$ , and  $CG = z$ . We construct  $EC$  and label it  $d$ .



By the Pythagorean Theorem in  $\triangle EHG$ ,  $EG^2 = EH^2 + HG^2$ .

By the Pythagorean Theorem in  $\triangle EGC$ ,  $EC^2 = EG^2 + CG^2$ .

Therefore,  $EC^2 = EG^2 + CG^2 = EH^2 + HG^2 + CG^2$ .

That is,  $d^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ .

Since the sum of the lengths of all the edges is 28, then  $4x + 4y + 4z = 28$  or  $x + y + z = 7$ .

Since the surface area of the prism is 13, we know  $2xy + 2yz + 2xz = 13$ .

Since we have squared terms and pair factor terms it might be helpful to expand  $(x + y + z)^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned}(x + y + z)^2 &= (x + (y + z))^2 \\ &= x^2 + 2x(y + z) + (y + z)^2 \\ &= x^2 + 2xy + 2xz + y^2 + 2yz + z^2 \\ &= (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) + (2xy + 2xz + 2yz)\end{aligned}$$

Since  $x + y + z = 7$ ,  $d^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ , and  $2xy + 2yz + 2xz = 13$ , we have

$$7^2 = d^2 + 13$$

$$d^2 = 49 - 13 = 36$$

Since  $d > 0$ , we have  $d = 6$ . Therefore, the length of  $EC$  is 6 cm.