



## Problem of the Week

### Problem E and Solution

### Favourite Number 3

#### Problem

Matej told his friend Clare the following properties about his favourite number:

- It is a positive seven-digit integer.
- It contains each of the digits from 1 through 7 exactly once.
- The first digit is not 1.
- The second digit is not 2.

Clare then wrote down a number satisfying all these properties. What is the probability that the number Clare wrote was Matej's favourite number?

#### Solution

Let  $abcdefg$  represent any seven-digit number where  $a, b, c, d, e, f,$  and  $g$  are different digits from 1 through 7.

Note that this solution uses *factorial notation*, as in  $4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 4!$ . In general, if  $n$  is a positive integer, then  $n! = n \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ . We now proceed with two different approaches to solving the problem.

#### Solution 1

In this solution we determine the number of possible numbers that Clare could have written down directly. Thus, Clare's number is of the form  $abcdefg$  where  $a \neq 1$  and  $b \neq 2$ . We consider the following two cases:

- **Case 1:  $a = 2$**   
In this case, there are 6 choices for the digit  $b$ , 5 choices for the digit  $c$ , 4 choices for the digit  $d$ , 3 choices for the digit  $e$ , 2 choices for the digit  $f$ , and 1 choice for the digit  $g$ . Thus, there are  $6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6!$  possibilities when  $a = 2$ .
- **Case 2:  $a \neq 2$**   
In this case, there are 5 choices for the digit  $a$  (since we also have  $a \neq 1$ ). Once digit  $a$  is chosen, there are 5 choices for the digit  $b$  (since we have  $b \neq 2$  and  $b \neq a$ ), 5 choices for the digit  $c$ , 4 choices for the digit  $d$ , 3 choices for the digit  $e$ , 2 choices for the digit  $f$ , and 1 choice for the digit  $g$ . Thus, there are  $5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 25 \times 5!$  possibilities when  $a \neq 2$ .



Thus, the total number of possible numbers Claire could have written down is  $6! + 25 \times 5! = 3720$ . Since only one of these is Matej's favourite number, the probability that the number Clare wrote was Matej's favourite number is  $\frac{1}{3720}$ .

### Solution 2

In this solution we determine the number of possible numbers that Clare could have written down indirectly.

First, we determine the total number of numbers of the form  $abcdefg$  where  $a, b, c, d, e, f$ , and  $g$  are different digits from 1 through 7. There are 7 choices for the digit  $a$ , 6 choices for the digit  $b$ , 5 choices for the digit  $c$ , 4 choices for the digit  $d$ , 3 choices for the digit  $e$ , 2 choices for the digit  $f$ , and 1 choice for the digit  $g$ .

Thus, there are  $7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 7!$  possibilities.

Next, we determine the number of possible seven-digit numbers of the form  $abcdefg$  where  $a = 1$  and/or  $b = 2$ . We consider the following two cases:

- **Case 1:**  $a = 1$

In this case, there are 6 choices for the digit  $b$ , 5 choices for the digit  $c$ , 4 choices for the digit  $d$ , 3 choices for the digit  $e$ , 2 choices for the digit  $f$ , and 1 choice for the digit  $g$ . Thus, there are  $6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6!$  possibilities when  $a = 1$ .

- **Case 2:**  $a \neq 1$  and  $b = 2$

In this case, there are 5 choices for the digit  $a$ , 5 choices for the digit  $c$ , 4 choices for the digit  $d$ , 3 choices for the digit  $e$ , 2 choices for the digit  $f$ , and 1 choice for the digit  $g$ . Thus, there are  $5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 5 \times 5!$  possibilities when  $a \neq 1$  and  $b = 2$ .

Thus, the total number of possible numbers Claire could have written down is  $7! - 6! - 5 \times 5! = 3720$ . Since only one of these is Matej's favourite number, the probability that the number Clare wrote was Matej's favourite number is  $\frac{1}{3720}$ .