



## Problem of the Week

### Problem B

#### Not a Big Difference

Yago takes a two-digit whole number and subtracts the product of its digits. He calls the result a *Yago Number*. He repeats this process with other two-digit numbers to find more Yago Numbers.

For example, the product of the digits of 82 is  $8 \times 2 = 16$ . Then  $82 - 16 = 66$ , so 66 is a Yago Number. Similarly, the product of the digits of 25 is  $2 \times 5 = 10$ . Then  $25 - 10 = 15$ , so 15 is another Yago Number.

What are the largest and smallest Yago Numbers that you can find? Justify your answers.