



Problem of the Week

Problem E and Solution

Forgotten Code

Problem

Suk-Ja has a combination lock that contains 12 wheels, each with the letters in her name.

Thus, the code to open the lock is 12 characters long and contains only the letters S , U , K , J , and A . Unfortunately, Suk-Ja has forgotten the code. She remembers the following information and plans to use this to determine all the possible codes.

- There were exactly three A s in the code, located in positions 3, 6, and 12, when numbered from left to right.
- The letter S was always followed by either U or K .
- The letter U was always followed by either K or J .
- The letter K was always followed by either J or A .
- The letter J was always followed by either A or S .
- The letter A was always followed by either S or U .

For example, one possible code is $UJ A U K A S K J S K A$.

How many different possible codes are there?

Solution

To determine the total number of possible codes, we first look at how many ways we can fill positions 1 and 2, then positions 4 and 5, and finally positions 7 to 11.

When filling positions 1 and 2, we note position 3 must be A . Working backwards, we know that position 2 must then be either K or J .

- If position 2 is K , then position 1 can be either S or U .
- If position 2 is J , then position 1 can be either U or K .

Thus, there are 4 ways to fill positions 1 and 2, namely SK , UK , UJ , or KJ .

When filling positions 4 and 5, we note that positions 3 and 6 are both A .

Working backwards from position 6, we know that position 5 must then be either K or J . Working forwards from position 3, we know that position 4 must then be either S or U .

- If position 4 is S , then position 5 can be either U or K . However we already determined that position 5 must be either K or J , so position 5 cannot be U .



- If position 4 is U , then position 5 can be either K or J .

Thus, there are 3 ways to fill positions 4 and 5, namely SK , UK , or UJ .

When filling positions 7 to 11, we note that A cannot be in any of these positions, since the only A s are in positions 3, 6, and 12. Since A is in position 12, we know that position 11 must be either K or J . Similarly, since A is in position 6, we know that position 7 must then be either S or U .

- If position 7 is S , then position 8 can be either U or K . Thus, positions 7 and 8 can be SU or SK . From here, positions 7, 8, and 9 can be SUK , SUJ , or SKJ . We cannot have SKA since A cannot be in positions 7 to 11. From here, positions 7 to 10 can be $SUKJ$, $SUJS$, or $SKJS$. From here, positions 7 to 11 can be $SUKJS$, $SUJSU$, $SUJSK$, $SKJSU$, or $SKJSK$. However, we already determined that position 11 must be either K or J . Thus, the only two possibilities for positions 7 to 11 with S in position 7 are $SUJSK$ or $SKJSK$.
- If position 7 is U , then position 8 can be either K or J . Thus, positions 7 and 8 can be UK or UJ . From here, positions 7, 8, and 9 can be UKJ or UJS . We cannot have UKA or UJA since A cannot be in positions 7 to 11. From here, positions 7 to 10 can be $UKJS$, $UJSU$, or $UJSK$. From here, positions 7 to 11 can be $UKJSU$, $UKJSK$, $UJSUK$, $UJSUJ$, or $UJSKJ$. However, we already determined that position 11 must be either K or J . Thus, the only four possibilities for positions 7 to 11 with U in position 7 are $UKJSK$, $UJSUK$, $UJSUJ$, or $UJSKJ$.

Thus, there are $2 + 4 = 6$ ways to fill positions 7 to 11.

There are 4 ways to fill positions 1 and 2. For each of these, there are 3 ways to fill positions 4 and 5. Thus, there are $4 \times 3 = 12$ ways to fill positions 1, 2, 4, and 5. For each of these, there are 6 ways to fill positions 7 to 11. Thus, there are $12 \times 6 = 72$ different possible codes.