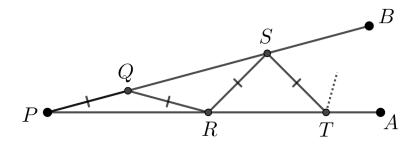


Problem of the Week Problem C Back and Forth

Line segments BP and AP are such that $\angle BPA = 12^{\circ}$. Points Q, R, S, T, \ldots alternate from one arm of the angle to the other, with Q on BP and R on AP, such that each point is located farther away from P than the point before, and $PQ = QR = RS = ST = \ldots$



This creates isosceles triangles $\triangle PQR$, $\triangle QRS$, $\triangle RST$, and so on. Eventually, one of the isosceles triangles will also be an equilateral triangle.

How many isosceles triangles will be created before the equilateral triangle is created?

THEME: GEOMETRY & MEASUREMENT