



## Problem of the Week

### Problem B and Solution

#### What's for Lunch?

#### Problem

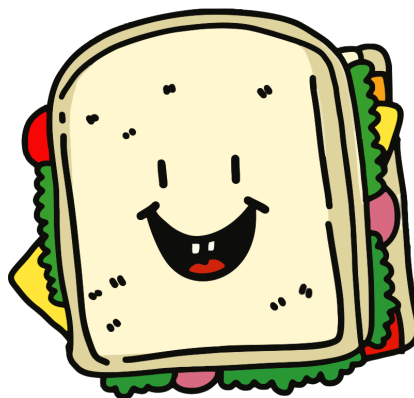
Sanji and his 34 classmates always bring sandwiches to school for lunch. One day, everyone brought either a jelly sandwich, or a ham and cheese sandwich, or a tuna salad sandwich.

If the number of students who brought jelly sandwiches ( $J$ ) was twice the number who brought ham and cheese ( $H$ ), and four times the number who brought tuna salad ( $T$ ), how many sandwiches were there of each type?

HINT: What should the total number of sandwiches be?

You may find the table useful for the 'guess and check' method.

$T$	$H$	$J$	Total
1	2	4	7
2	4	8	14
3	6	12	21
4	8	16	28
5	10	20	35
6	12	24	42



#### Solution

##### Solution 1:

There are a total of  $34 + 1 = 35$  students. Therefore, there must be 35 sandwiches. The completed table reveals that the only possible combination is 5 tuna salad, 10 ham and cheese, and 20 jelly sandwiches, in order to give the correct total number of 35 sandwiches.

##### Solution 2:

An alternate, algebraic solution is presented below. The algebra used in this solution may be beyond what students at this age have typically seen.

We are given that  $J = 4 \times T$  and  $J = 2 \times H$ . This means that  $H = 2 \times T$ .

We now have

$$J + H + T = 4 \times T + 2 \times T + T = 7 \times T$$

But  $J + H + T = 7 \times T$  is also equal to the total number of students.

Thus,  $35 = 7 \times T$ , which gives  $T = 5$ .

Since  $T = 5$ , we get  $H = 2 \times 5 = 10$ , and  $J = 4 \times 5 = 20$ .

Therefore, 5 students brought a tuna salad sandwich, 10 students brought a ham and cheese sandwich, and 20 students brought a jelly sandwich.