Problem Q1: Stupendous Bowties

Problem Description

There are N ($1 \le N \le 100\ 000$) distinct points on a 2D plane, with the *i*th one at integral coordinates (x_i, y_i) ($-10^9 \le x_i \le 10^9, -10^9 \le y_i \le 10^9$).

A Fantastic Right Triangle is one which uses 3 of the given points as its vertices, is non-degenerate (i.e., has positive area), and which has both of its legs axis-aligned (one of its two shortest sides is horizontal and the other shortest side is vertical). The vertex at which the two legs of such a triangle meet (which has an interior right angle) is known as the triangle's Spectacular Vertex.

A Stupendous Bowtie consists of an unordered pair of Fantastic Right Triangles which share the same point as their Spectacular Vertex, and which touch only at that point. Count the number of Stupendous Bowties which exist amongst the given points.

Subtasks

For 2 of the 15 marks available, $N \leq 20$.

For another 3 of the 15 marks available, $N \leq 200$.

For another 2 of the 15 marks available, $N \leq 2000$.

For another 3 of the 15 marks available, $N \le 100\ 000$, $-10^5 \le x_i \le 10^5$, and $-10^5 \le y_i \le 10^5$.

Input Specification

The first line of the input contains one integer, N. The remaining N lines each contain two integers, x_i and y_i for i = 1..N.

Output Specification

Sample Input

12 -3 6 1 6 -1 4 -3 2 1 2 4 2 -4 -3 -3 -3 1 -3 -1 -4 1 -4 -3 -6

Output for Sample Input

8

Explanation for Output for Sample Input

The diagram below illustrates the set of given points (represented by the 12 blue dots), with one of the eight possible Stupendous Bowties shown in red.

