# 2005 Canadian Computing Competition <br> Day 2, Question 2 

Input file: segments.in
Output file: segments.out
Source file: n : \segments $\backslash$ segments. $\qquad$

## Segments

You are to find the length of the shortest path from the top to the bottom of a grid covering specified points along the way.

More precisely, you are given an $n$ by $n$ grid, rows $1 . . n$ and columns $1 . . n(1 \leq n \leq 20000)$. On each row $i$, two points $L(i)$ and $R(i)$ are given where $1 \leq L(i) \leq R(i) \leq n$. You are to find the shortest distance from position $(1,1)$, to $(n, n)$ that visits all of the given segments in order. In particular, for each row $i$, all the points

$$
(i, L(i)),(i, L(i)+1),(i, L(i)+2), \ldots,(i, R(i))
$$

must be visited. Notice that one step is taken when dropping down between consecutive rows. Note that you can only move left, right and down (you cannot move up a level). On finishing the segment on row $n$, you are to go to position $(n, n)$, if not already there. The total distance covered is then reported.

## Input

The first line of input consists of an integer $n$, the number of rows/columns on the grid. On each of the next $n$ lines, there are two integers $L(i)$ followed by $R(i)$ (where $1 \leq L(i) \leq R(i) \leq n)$.

## Output

The output is one integer, which is the length of the (shortest) path from $(1,1)$ to $(n, n)$ which covers all intervals $L(i), R(i)$.

## Sample Input

## Sample Output

## Explanation of Sample Input/Output

Below is a pictoral representation of the input.


Notice that on the first row, we must traverse 5 units to the right and then drop down one level.

On the second row, we must traverse 3 units to the left and drop down one level.
On the third row, we must traverse 2 units to the left and drop down one level.
On the fourth row, we move 1 unit to the right and then drop down one level.
On the fifth row, we move 4 units to the right and drop down one level.
On the sixth (and final) row, we move 2 units left, then 2 units right.
In total, we have moved $6+4+3+2+5+4=24$ units.

