# Problem of the Week Problem A and Solution <br> Dog Walking 

## Problem

Petra walks his dog once a day. Most days when Petra walks his dog, he takes a route that is $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}$ long. When it is raining, he does a shorter walk which is only 2 km long.

One week it rained for 3 days and did not rain on the other 4 days. How far did Petra walk his dog that week?

## Solution

On each of the 3 days it rained, Petra walked 2 km for a total of $2+2+2=6 \mathrm{~km}$.
On each of the 4 days it did not rain, Petra walked $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}$.
We know that $3 \frac{1}{2}$ is the same as $3+\frac{1}{2}$, so over four days, the total distance Petra walked is equal to $3+\frac{1}{2}+3+\frac{1}{2}+3+\frac{1}{2}+3+\frac{1}{2}$.
Collecting the whole numbers and the fractions, we can rewrite this as $3+3+3+3+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$.
Since $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}=1$, we can rewrite this as $3+3+3+3+1+1=14 \mathrm{~km}$.
Alternatively, to calculate the distance Petra walked on the days it did not rain, we can add $3 \frac{1}{2}+3 \frac{1}{2}=7 \mathrm{~km}$ which is how far Petra walked in two days. So he walked twice as far in four days, which is $7 \times 2=14 \mathrm{~km}$.

So the total distance Petra walked that week is $6+14=20 \mathrm{~km}$.
Alternatively, we can do the calculation in metres.
Since we know that 1 km is equal to 1000 m , then $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}$ is equal to 500 m .
So $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}$ is equal to $3 \times 1000+500=3500 \mathrm{~m}$ and 2 km is equal to $2 \times 1000=2000 \mathrm{~m}$.

This means the total distance Petra walked is equal to $2000+2000+2000+3500+3500+3500+3500=20000 \mathrm{~m}$, which is 20 km .

