## Problem of the Week Problem E and Solution How Far to the Centre

## Problem

A circle with centre O is drawn with points P, Q, and S on the circumference such that PQ = PS = 12 m. PO is extended to meet QS at R such that  $PR \perp QS$  and OR = 1 m.

Determine the radius of the circle.

## Solution

Since O is the centre of a circle that passes through P, Q, and S, then OP, OQ, and OS are radii. Then OP = OQ = OS = x, x > 0. Let SR = y.

 $\triangle SPR$  is right angled at R. Using the Pythagorean Theorem,  $BR^2 + RC^2 = RC^2$ 

$$PR^{2} + RS^{2} = PS^{2}$$

$$(PO + OR)^{2} + RS^{2} = PS^{2}$$

$$(x + 1)^{2} + y^{2} = 12^{2}$$
(1)



 $\triangle SOR$  is right angled at R. Using the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$OR^{2} + RS^{2} = OS^{2}$$

$$1^{2} + y^{2} = x^{2}$$

$$y^{2} = x^{2} - 1$$
Substitute for  $y^{2}$  in (1):  $(x + 1)^{2} + x^{2} - 1 = 12^{2}$ 

$$x^{2} + 2x + 1 + x^{2} - 1 = 144$$

$$2x^{2} + 2x - 144 = 0$$

$$x^{2} + x - 72 = 0$$

$$(x - 8)(x + 9) = 0$$

$$x = 8 \text{ or } x = -9$$

Since x > 0, x = -9 is inadmissible. Therefore, x = 8. But x is the radius of the circle.

 $\therefore$  the radius of the circle is 8 m.

